Electronic Supplementary Information

## Determining the maximum lanthanum incorporation in the fluorite structure of La-doped ceria nanocubes for enhanced redox ability

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## Thermal Gravimetric Analysis (TGA) and Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)

TGA and DSC measurements were carried out on the dried samples using a Netzsch STA 409 PC, heating the samples from 25 °C to 600 °C at 10 °C/min, under a flow of air.



Fig. S1 TGA (continuous line) and DSC (dashed line) traces for undoped CeO<sub>2</sub> nanocubes.

Figure S1 shows the typical TGA and DSC traces that were obtained for all samples. A large amount, close to 80 wt%, of oleic acid is capping the particles which starts to decompose at temperatures above 200 °C. The main weight loss is close to 400 °C and is accompanied by a strong exothermic peak in the DSC due to the complete combustion of the oleic acid.

## Powder X-ray Diffraction (XRD)



**Fig. S2** XRD pattern obtained depositing undoped  $CeO_2$  nanocubes as dried powder. The broad peak around 20° is due to the oleic acid.

The typical XRD pattern obtained for all the samples when deposited as dried powders is shown in Figure S2. All the peaks due to the  $CeO_2$  fluorite structure appear with intensity ratios expected in absence of preferential orientations. A broad peak due to the capping agent is also evident with no sign of any additional impurities and/or other crystalline phases.

## Spherical Aberration-Corrected Scanning Transmission Electron Microscopy - Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectroscopy (AC-STEM-EDS)



**Fig. S3** AC-STEM-EDS full spectra and zoomed areas showing the L $\alpha$  peaks of Ce and La that were used for the quantification. The deconvoluted L $\alpha$  peaks of Ce and La are depicted in red and green, respectively. (A) Spectrum corresponding to the elemental maps of the nominal 5 mol% Ladoped CeO<sub>2</sub> nanocubes presented in Figure 4D, E. (B) Spectrum corresponding to the elemental maps of the nominal 7.5 mol% Ladoped CeO<sub>2</sub> nanocubes presented in Figure 5D, E. (C) Spectrum corresponding to the elemental maps of the nominal 10 mol% Ladoped CeO<sub>2</sub> nanocubes presented in Figure 6D, E.

Figure S3A-C shows the AC-STEM-EDS spectra corresponding to the elemental maps presented in Figures 4-6. The quantification was performed using the L peaks of Ce (L $\alpha$ =4.839 keV, L $\beta$ =5.261 keV) and La (L $\alpha$ =4.650 keV, L $\beta$ =5.041 keV) and the resulting deconvoluted spectra are shown along with the EDS spectra in the zoomed areas of Figure S3A-C.

Further visible peaks can be identified as C (K $\alpha$ =0.277 keV), O (K $\alpha$ =0.525 keV), Si (K $\alpha$ =1.739 keV, K $\beta$ =1.836 keV) and Cu (K $\alpha$ =8.040 keV, K $\beta$ =8.904 keV) and are due to spurious contributions coming from the TEM grids and the detector.